# CITY OF SKY VALLEY, GEORGIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

#### CITY OF SKY VALLEY, GEORGIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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MICHAEL MIXON, CPA JOELY MIXON, CPA SKIP BROWN, CPA

#### Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and City Manager Of the City of Sky Valley, Georgia

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sky Valley, Georgia (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sky Valley, Georgia, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is

higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of
  time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios on page 36, the Schedule of City Contributions on page 37, and the notes to the required supplementary information on page 38, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has chosen to omit Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the Schedule of Expenditures of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Transportation Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds, as listed in the table of

contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the Schedule of Expenditures of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Transportation Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the Schedule of Expenditures of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Transportation Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

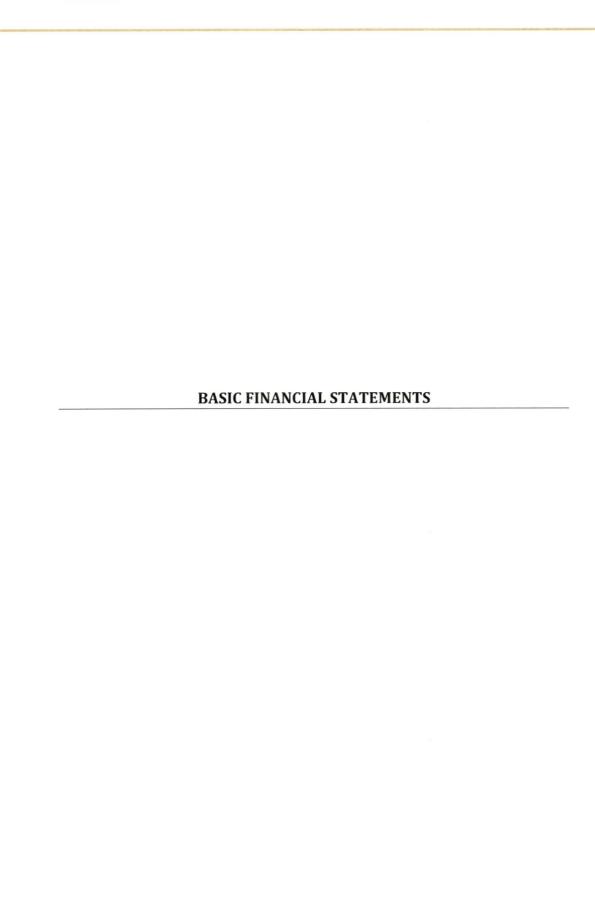
#### Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

Mixm, Mixm, Brown + Jench, CPAS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued or report dated August 15, 2023 on our consideration of the City of Sky Valley, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mixon, Mixon, Brown & Tench, CPAs

Cornelia, Georgia August 15, 2023



#### CITY OF SKY VALLEY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Primary Government					
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		vernmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total
Assets	<b>.</b>	1 070 215	Φ.	1 100 112		2 2 6 7 4 2 7
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,878,315	\$	1,489,112	\$	3,367,427
Receivables, net Accounts				46,703		46,703
Taxes		732,446		10,703		732,446
Due From Other Governments		49,887		-		49,887
Internal Balances		-		-		-
Prepaid Items		-		-		-
Capital Assets:						
Land, Improvements, and Construction in Progress		326,739		2,222		328,961
Other Capital Assets, net of Depreciation	-	1,884,042		2,490,680	-	4,374,722
Total Assets	-	4,871,429		4,028,717		8,900,146
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension Related Items		54,294		16,218		70,512
	8.0					
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	4,925,723		4,044,935	\$	8,970,658
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$	56,176	\$	171.454	\$	227,630
Accrued Liabilities	2.00		27900	-		
Unearned Property Tax Revenue		1,012,475		-		1,012,475
Unearned Grant Revenue		33,918		17.		33,918
Customer Deposits Payable		-		12,950		12,950
Compensated Absences:						
Due Within One Year		15,203		6,040		21,243
Due Beyond One Year		16,786		4,346		21,132
Capital Leases:		7.612				7.612
Due Within One Year		7,613		-		7,613
Due Beyond One Year Notes Payable:		-		-		
Due Within One Year		-		106,523		106,523
Due Beyond One Year		=		960,992		960,992
Net Pension Liability, Due Beyond One Year		98,892		29,539		128,431
Total Liabilities		1,241,063		1,291,844		2,532,907
Deferred Inflows of Resources		(2.272		10,000		02 172
Pension Related Items		63,272		18,900		82,172
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,304,335		1,310,744		2,615,079
NET POSITION						
Net Invested in Capital Assets		2,203,168		1,425,387		3,628,555
Restricted for:		_,,				and the second section of the section of the section of the second section of the secti
Capital Projects		441,226		-		441,226
Grants		1,477		=		1,477
Tourism		59,314		2		59,314
Unrestricted Net Position		916,203		1,308,804		2,225,007
Total Net Position		3,621,388		2,734,191	-	6,355,579
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND						
NET POSITION	\$	4,925,723	\$	4,044,935	\$	8,970,658
NET LOSITION	φ	1,723,723	Ψ	1,011,700	-	5,2,0,000

#### CITY OF SKY VALLEY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Functions/Programs         Expenses         Charge of Carats and Car				Progr	ram Revenue	s		Net (	Expense) Re	venue and Change	s in N	let Position
Primary Government   Primary Government Government   Primary Government   Primary Government Government Government   Primary Government												
Primary Government   Covernment   Covernm	Functions/Programs	Expenses		Gı	rants and	•	and	Governmental		Business-Type		Total
Ceneral Covernment         \$ 368,868         \$ 1,552         \$ 150,974         \$ 421,488         \$ 205,146         \$ 0,7251         \$ 1,552         \$ 150,974         \$ 421,488         \$ 205,146         \$ 1,972,513         \$ 1,972,513         \$ 1,972,513         \$ 1,972,513         \$ 1,972,513         \$ 1,972,513         \$ 1,972,513         \$ 1,972,513         \$ 1,972,513         \$ 1,972,513         \$ 1,972,513         \$ 1,972,513         \$ 1,972,513         \$ 1,972,513         \$ 1,972,513         \$ 1,902,506         \$ 1,902,50		-		6.								
Public Safety:   Fire	Governmental Activities											
Fire Police and Courts         97,251         .         .         (97,251)         .         (362,069)         3(362,069)         2(362,069)         Police and Courts         423,423         43,267         18,087         (362,069)         2(270,532)         .         (362,069)         Police Works/Streets         303,281         .         32,749         (270,532)         .         (270,532)         .         (270,532)         .         (270,532)         .         (270,532)         .         (270,532)         .         (270,532)         .         (270,532)         .         (51,95)         .         .         (51,95)         .         .         (51,95)         .         .         (51,95)         .         .         .         (51,95)         .	General Government	\$ 368,868	\$ 1,552	\$	150,974	\$	421,488	\$	205,146	\$ -	\$	205,146
Police and Courts	Public Safety:											
Public Works/Streets   303,281   . 32,749   . (270,532)   . (270,532)   Community Development:	Fire	1-7000	-		-		-			19 <del>4</del> 0		
Community Development:         5,195           (5,195)          (5,195)          (5,195)          (5,195)          (5,195)          (5,195)          (5,195)          (5,195)          (5,195)          (5,196)         Economic Development         1,5461          25,000           9,539          9,539          9,539          9,539          9,539          9,539          9,539          9,539          9,539          9,539          9,539          9,539          9,539          9,539          9,539          2,529          1,027          1,027             1,027 <t< td=""><td>Police and Courts</td><td>423,423</td><td>43,267</td><td></td><td>18,087</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>N.E.</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Police and Courts	423,423	43,267		18,087					N.E.		
Parks         5,195         -         (5,195)         (5,195)           Promotions & Tourism         64,156         1,650         -         (62,506)         -         (62,506)           Economic Development         15,461         -         25,000         -         9,539         -         9,539           Housing & Development         27,912         27,937         -         -         25         -         22           Interest on Long-Term bet         721         -         -         -         721         -         (721)           Total Governmental Activities         1,306,268         74,406         226,810         421,488         (583,564)         -         (583,564)           Water         521,047         505,146         -         -         -         -         (15,901)         (15,901)           Sanitation         239,887         217,547         -         -         -         -         (22,340)         (22,340)           Total Primary Government         \$ 2,067,202         \$ 797,099         \$ 226,810         \$ 421,488         (583,564)         (38,241)         (621,805)           Total Primary Government         \$ 2,067,202         \$ 797,099         \$ 226,810         \$ 421,4	Public Works/Streets	303,281	-		32,749		=		(270,532)	(4)		(270,532)
Promotions & Tourism         64.156         1,650         .         .         (62,506)         .         (52,06)           Economic Development         13,461         .         25,000         .         9,539         .         9,539           Housing & Development         27,912         27,937         .         .         25         .         25           Increst on Long-Term Debt         721         .         .         .         (721)         .	Community Development:											
Housing & Development   15,461   - 25,000   - 9,539   - 9,539   10,539	Parks	5,195			2		8		(5,195)			
Housing & Development Interest on Long-Term Debt 721	<b>Promotions &amp; Tourism</b>	64,156	1,650				-					
Interest on Long-Term Debt   721	Economic Development	15,461			25,000		=		9,539	0.72		9,539
Description	Housing & Development	27,912	27,937		=		<u> </u>			-		25
Business-Type Activities           Water         521,047         505,146         -         -         -         (15,901)         (15,901)           Sanitation         239,887         217,547         -         -         -         (22,340)         (22,340)           Total Business-Type Activities         760,934         722,693         -         -         -         -         38,241         (38,241)           Total Primary Government         Support of the property         \$ 226,810         \$ 421,488         (583,564)         (38,241)         (621,805)           Total Primary Government         \$ 2,067,202         \$ 797,099         \$ 226,810         \$ 421,488         (583,564)         (38,241)         (621,805)           Total General Revenues         \$ 226,810         \$ 421,488         (583,564)         (38,241)         (621,805)           Taxes:         ***********************************	Interest on Long-Term Debt	721		17				4	(721)			(721)
Water Sanitation         521,047 293,887 217,547 217,547 2	Total Governmental Activities	1,306,268	74,406		226,810		421,488		(583,564)			(583,564)
Water Sanitation         521,047 293,887 217,547 217,547 2	Business-Type Activities											
Total Primary Government    S 2,067,202		521,047	505,146		-		$\omega$		2	(15,901)		(15,901)
Total Primary Government	Sanitation	239,887	217,547		-		-		-	(22,340)		(22,340)
General Revenues         Taxes:       1,027,426       - 1,027,426         Property       1,027,426       - 36,489         Intangible and Transfer       36,489       - 56,480         Franchise       56,480       - 56,480         Beer and Wine       1,294       - 1,294         Insurance Premium       39,333       - 39,333         Business Taxes       1,150       - 1,150         Hotel/Motel Taxes       99,756       - 99,756         Unrestricted Investment Earnings       1,610       1,381       2,991         Miscellaneous       26,483       - 26,483       - 26,483         Gain on Sale of Assets	Total Business-Type Activities	760,934		0			-		-	(38,241)	_	(38,241)
Taxes:         Property       1,027,426       -       1,027,426         Intangible and Transfer       36,489       -       36,489         Franchise       56,480       -       56,480         Beer and Wine       1,294       -       1,294         Insurance Premium       39,333       -       39,333         Business Taxes       1,150       -       1,150         Hotel/Motel Taxes       99,756       -       99,756         Unrestricted Investment Earnings       1,610       1,381       2,991         Miscellaneous       26,483       -       26,483         Gain on Sale of Assets       -       -       -         Transfers       -       -       -         Total General Revenues and Transfers       1,290,021       1,381       1,291,402         Change in Net Position       706,457       (36,860)       669,597         Net Position - Beginning       2,914,931       2,771,051       5,685,982	Total Primary Government	\$ 2,067,202	\$ 797,099		226,810	\$	421,488	·	(583,564)	(38,241)	_	(621,805)
Intangible and Transfer       36,489       -       36,489         Franchise       56,480       -       56,480         Beer and Wine       1,294       -       1,294         Insurance Premium       39,333       -       39,333         Business Taxes       1,150       -       1,150         Hotel/Motel Taxes       99,756       -       99,756         Unrestricted Investment Earnings       1,610       1,381       2,991         Miscellaneous       26,483       -       26,483         Gain on Sale of Assets       -       -       -         Transfers       -       -       -         Total General Revenues and Transfers       1,290,021       1,381       1,291,402         Change in Net Position       706,457       (36,860)       669,597         Net Position - Beginning       2,914,931       2,771,051       5,685,982			es									
Franchise       56,480       -       56,480         Beer and Wine       1,294       -       1,294         Insurance Premium       39,333       -       39,333         Business Taxes       1,150       -       1,150         Hotel/Motel Taxes       99,756       -       99,756         Unrestricted Investment Earnings       1,610       1,381       2,991         Miscellaneous       26,483       -       26,483         Gain on Sale of Assets       -       -       -         Transfers       -       -       -         Total General Revenues and Transfers       1,290,021       1,381       1,291,402         Change in Net Position       706,457       (36,860)       669,597         Net Position - Beginning       2,914,931       2,771,051       5,685,982									1,027,426	-		
Beer and Wine       1,294       -       1,294         Insurance Premium       39,333       -       39,333         Business Taxes       1,150       -       1,150         Hotel/Motel Taxes       99,756       -       99,756         Unrestricted Investment Earnings       1,610       1,381       2,991         Miscellaneous       26,483       -       26,483         Gain on Sale of Assets       -       -       -         Transfers       -       -       -       -         Total General Revenues and Transfers       1,290,021       1,381       1,291,402         Change in Net Position       706,457       (36,860)       669,597         Net Position - Beginning       2,914,931       2,771,051       5,685,982		Intangible and	Transfer						36,489	-		36,489
Insurance Premium   39,333   - 39,333     Business Taxes   1,150   - 1,150     Hotel/Motel Taxes   99,756   - 99,756     Unrestricted Investment Earnings   1,610   1,381   2,991     Miscellaneous   26,483   - 26,483     Gain on Sale of Assets       Transfers       Total General Revenues and Transfers   1,290,021   1,381   1,291,402     Change in Net Position   706,457   (36,860)   669,597     Net Position - Beginning   2,914,931   2,771,051   5,685,982		Franchise							56,480			56,480
Business Taxes       1,150       -       1,150         Hotel/Motel Taxes       99,756       -       99,756         Unrestricted Investment Earnings       1,610       1,381       2,991         Miscellaneous       26,483       -       26,483         Gain on Sale of Assets       -       -       -       -         Transfers       -       -       -       -       -         Total General Revenues and Transfers       1,290,021       1,381       1,291,402         Change in Net Position       706,457       (36,860)       669,597         Net Position - Beginning       2,914,931       2,771,051       5,685,982		Beer and Wine							1,294	-		
Hotel/Motel Taxes       99,756       -       99,756         Unrestricted Investment Earnings       1,610       1,381       2,991         Miscellaneous       26,483       -       26,483         Gain on Sale of Assets       -       -       -       -         Transfers       -		Insurance Pren	nium						39,333			39,333
Unrestricted Investment Earnings       1,610       1,381       2,991         Miscellaneous       26,483       -       26,483         Gain on Sale of Assets       -       -       -         Transfers       -       -       -         Total General Revenues and Transfers       1,290,021       1,381       1,291,402         Change in Net Position       706,457       (36,860)       669,597         Net Position - Beginning       2,914,931       2,771,051       5,685,982		<b>Business Taxes</b>	3						1,150			1,150
Miscellaneous       26,483       -       26,483         Gain on Sale of Assets       -       -       -         Transfers       -       -       -       -         Total General Revenues and Transfers       1,290,021       1,381       1,291,402         Change in Net Position       706,457       (36,860)       669,597         Net Position - Beginning       2,914,931       2,771,051       5,685,982		Hotel/Motel Ta	axes						99,756			99,756
Gain on Sale of Assets       - <td></td> <td>Unrestricted Inve</td> <td>estment Earnings</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,610</td> <td>1,381</td> <td></td> <td>2,991</td>		Unrestricted Inve	estment Earnings						1,610	1,381		2,991
Transfers         -         -         -           Total General Revenues and Transfers         1,290,021         1,381         1,291,402           Change in Net Position         706,457         (36,860)         669,597           Net Position - Beginning         2,914,931         2,771,051         5,685,982		Miscellaneous							26,483			26,483
Total General Revenues and Transfers         1,290,021         1,381         1,291,402           Change in Net Position         706,457         (36,860)         669,597           Net Position - Beginning         2,914,931         2,771,051         5,685,982		Gain on Sale of A	ssets									-
Change in Net Position         706,457         (36,860)         669,597           Net Position - Beginning         2,914,931         2,771,051         5,685,982		Transfers							-			-
Net Position - Beginning         2,914,931         2,771,051         5,685,982		Total General R	evenues and Trans	sfers					1,290,021	1,381		1,291,402
								53	706,457	(36,860)	7 - 2	669,597
		Net Position - Bo	eginning						2,914,931			
		Net Position - Er	nding					\$	3,621,388	\$ 2,734,191	\$	6,355,579

#### CITY OF SKY VALLEY, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Maio	or Gov	ernmental	Fund	s				
			S	PLOST	Т	SPLOST	_			
				Capital		Capital		onmajor		Total
	Co	neral Fund	Р	rojects Fund		Projects Fund	Gov	ernmental Funds	Go	vernmental Funds
ASSETS		neral runu		runu	-	runu		runus	_	runus
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,386,282	\$	78.118	\$	313.221	\$	100.694	\$	1,878,315
Receivables, net	4	732,446	4	70,110	Ψ	515,221	Ψ	100,071	Ψ	732,446
Intergovernmental Receivables		752,710		-		49.887		-		49,887
Due From Other Funds						17,007				17,007
Prepaid Items		989		-				\$200 1000		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,118,728	\$	78,118	\$	363,108	\$	100,694	\$	2,660,648
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										***************************************
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	16,273	\$	-	\$	-	\$	39,903	\$	56,176
Accrued Liabilities		-		-		-		-		3
Due to Other Funds				-				(#)		
Unearned Property Tax Revenue		1,012,475						-		1,012,475
Unearned Grant Revenue	5	33,918		-		-		-		33,918
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,062,666		-	_	-		39,903		1,102,569
FUND BALANCES										
Non-Spendable:				-		_				
Prepaid Items		-		-		-				-
Restricted for:		-		-		-		_		=
Capital Projects				78.118		363.108				441.226
Grant Purposes		-		-		-		1.477		1,477
Tourism				-		-		59,314		59,314
Unassigned Reported in:								07,011		07,011
General Fund		1,056,062		-		-		-		1,056,062
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	-	1,056,062	-	78,118		363,108		60,791	-	1,558,079
	-		-				100			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,118,728	\$	78,118	\$	363,108		100,694		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in t	he staten	nent of net no	sition	are different	hec:	nise.				
Capital assets used in governmental activities at		10 10								
in the funds.	i e not im	anciai resoure	Jes, an	a therefore,	ui e i	остеропеч				2,210,781
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in	the curre	ent period an	d ther	efore are						2,210,701
not reported in the funds:	the curr	int period, an	d their	ciore, are						
Compensated Absences										(31,989)
Capital Leases										(7,613)
Net Pension Liability										(98,892)
	1 ·	6	1.4	J 4 - 41 -						(70,072
The deferred outflows of resources and deferre										
City's pension plan are not expected to be liquid			availa	Die						
financial resources and, therefore, are not report	rted in th	e runds:								E4 004
Deferred Outflows of Resources										54,294
Deferred Inflows of Resources									<u></u>	(63,272)
Net Position of Governmental Activities									\$	3,621,388

#### CITY OF SKY VALLEY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Major Governmental Funds		_		
	General Fund	SPLOST Capital Projects Fund	TSPLOST Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	3.				
Taxes:					
Property	\$ 1,027,426	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,027,426
Intangible and Transfer	36,489	197	12	2	36,489
Franchise	56,480	127	<u> </u>		56,480
Beer and Wine	1,294	-	2	2	1,294
Insurance Premiums	39,333	127	12		39,333
Business Taxes	1,150	-			1,150
Hotel/Motel Taxes	¥	-	4	99,756	99,756
Licenses and Permits	29,489	-		(a)	29,489
Intergovernmental	175,836	-	421,343	50,974	648,153
Charges for Services	±				Service Control
Fines and Forfeitures	43,267	*			43,267
Event Admission Fees	1,650	1 <b>2</b> (1		*	1,650
Investment Earnings	1,475	124	21	135	1,755
Miscellaneous	26,483			-	26,483
TOTAL REVENUES	1,440,372	124_	421,364	150,865	2,012,725
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government	429,893	15,000	29		444,922
Police and Courts	408,719	35,157			443,876
Fire	97,251	(*)	(*)		97,251
Public Works/Streets	573,962	7,611	58,227	100,000	739,800
Parks	=		(#0) 70		*)
Promotions & Tourism	24,253		*	39,903	64,156
Economic Development	15,461	*	(*)	100	15,461
Housing & Development	22,962		(*)	(*)	22,962
Debt Service:					-
Principal	7,261	(m)	180	(*)	7,261
Interest	721			-	721
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,580,483	57,768	58,256	139,903	1,836,410
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)	Water CAT Government of			27272	
EXPENDITURES	(140,111)	(57,644)	363,108	10,962	176,315
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES					
Proceeds From Sale of Assets	75	100	(5)		
Transfers In	45,047		150		45,047
Transfers Out	-			(45,047)	(45,047)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES	45,047			(45,047)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(95,064)	(57,644)	363,108	(34,085)	176,315
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	1,151,126	135,762		94,876	1,381,764
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 1,056,062	\$ 78,118	\$ 363,108	\$ 60,791	\$ 1,558,079

## CITY OF SKY VALLEY, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 176,315
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.  Capital Outlay  Depreciation Expense	\$ 616,876 (119,780)	497,096
Long-term debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount by which debt proceeds exceeds principal payments.		
Proceeds from Capital Leases		
Principal Payments on Capital Leases	7,261	7,261
In the Statement of Activities, operating expenses are measured by the amounts incurred during the year. However, compensated absences are included in the governmental funds only to the extent that they require the expenditure of current financial resources.		
Change in Compensated Absences		(928)
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned, net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense. This is the amount by which cost of benefits earned, net of employee contributions exceeded pension contributions.		
Cost of Benefits Earned, net of Contributions	(7,185)	
Pension Contributions	33,898	 26,713
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 706,457

#### CITY OF SKY VALLEY, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budget							
		Original		Final		Actual		iance with al Budget
REVENUES								8
Taxes:								
Property	\$	1,033,430	\$	1,033,430	\$	1,027,426	\$	(6,004)
Intangible and Transfer		17,000		17,000		36,489		19,489
Franchise		53,200		53,200		56,480		3,280
Beer and Wine		800		800		1,294		494
Insurance Premium		20,000		20,000		39,333		19,333
Business Taxes		700		700		1,150		450
Licenses and Permits		28,610		28,610		29,489		879
Intergovernmental		70,974		70,974		175,836		104,862
Charges for Services		S=1		-		-		
Fines and Forfeitures		30,000		30,000		43,267		13,267
Event Admission Fees		-		-		1,650		
Investment Earnings		1,520		1,520		1,475		(45)
Other Revenues		6,660		6,660		26,483		19,823
TOTAL REVENUES		1,262,894		1,262,894		1,440,372		175,828
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		444,309		436,545		429,893		6,653
Police and Courts		395,464		403,228		2000		
				97,251		408,719		(5,491)
Fire		97,251				97,251		(201 020)
Public Works/Streets		374,150		372,042		573,962		(201,920)
Parks		750		750		-		750
Promotions & Tourism		22,600		24,253		24,253		-
Economic Development		15,015		15,461		15,461		
Housing & Development		22,953		22,962		22,962		-
Debt Service:		7.261		7.261		7.264		
Principal		7,261		7,261		7,261		-
Interest		721	_	721		721		(000 000)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	1,380,474	-	1,380,474		1,580,483	S	(200,009)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES	_	(117,580)	-	(117,580)	_	(140,111)		(24,181)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Proceeds from Sale of Assets		80,580		80,580				(80,580)
Transfers In		37,000		37,000		45,047		8,047
Transfers Out		-		-		-		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		117,580		117,580		45,047		(72,533)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	_			(95,064)		(95,064)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		744,305		745,905		1,151,126	_	280,291
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	_\$_	-	\$	-	\$	(95,064)	\$	(95,064)

#### CITY OF SKY VALLEY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

CURRENT ASSETS           CURRENT ASSETS         1,489,112           Accounts Receivable, net         46,703           Due from Other Funds         1,289,112           Prepaid Items         1,535,815           TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS         1,535,815           NONCURRENT ASSETS         2,249,680           TOTAL RECEIVED AND ASSETS         2,490,680           TOTAL AND CURRENT ASSETS         2,490,680           TOTAL AND CURRENT ASSETS         2,490,800           TOTAL ASSETS         2,490,800           TOTAL ASSETS         4,028,717           Pension Related Items         16,218           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERSOURCES         \$ 4,028,717           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 4,044,935           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 4,044,935           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 4,044,935           COURDING Payable         \$ 4,044,935           COURDING Payable         \$ 12,956           Coughts Payable         \$ 12,956           Coughts Payable         \$ 16,218           COURS Payable         \$ 16,223           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         \$ 2,96,907           Coughts Payable         \$ 9,906,902 <th></th> <th>Ente</th> <th>-Type Activities - rprise Funds</th>		Ente	-Type Activities - rprise Funds
CURRENT ASSETS         \$ 1,489,112           Cocounts Receivable, net         46,703           Due from Other Funds         -           Prepaid Items         -           TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS         1,535,815           NONCURRENT ASSETS         -           Sapital Assets:         2,249,680           Land and Improvement         2,249,680           TOTAL NORCURRENT ASSETS         2,492,690           TOTAL ASSETS         4,028,717           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension Related Items         16,218           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 4,044,935           LIABILITIES           CURRENT LIABILITIES           CURRENT LIABILITIES           CURRENT LIABILITIES           CONCURRENT LIABILITIES           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES           CONCURRENT LIABILITIES	ASSETS	Wate	r & Sanitation
Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 1,489,112           Accounts Receivable, net         46,703           Due from Other Plunds         -           Prepaid Items         -           TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS         -           Capital Assets:         -           Capital Assets:         -           Land and Improvement         2,222           Depreciable Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation         2,490,680           TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS         4,028,717           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension Related Items         16,218           TOTAL ASSETS         1,021,81           TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 4,044,935           LIABILITIES           CURRENT LIABILITIES         \$ 171,454           Accounts Payable         \$ 171,454           Compensated Absences         6,040           Out other Funds         1,065,23           Captial Leases Payable         1,065,23           Notes Payable         9,045,29           Notes Payable         4,346           Notes Payable         9,045,29           Notes Payable         9,059,29           Notes Payable         9,059,29      <			
Due from Other Funds		\$	1,489,112
Prepaid Items         1,535,815           TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS         1,535,815           Capital Assets:         2,222           Depreciable Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation         2,490,680           TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS         2,492,902           TOTAL ASSETS         4,028,717           DEFECRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         16,218           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 4,044,935           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 4,044,935           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 4,044,935           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 171,454           Counts Payable         \$ 171,454           Compensated Absences         \$ 174,544           Compensated Absences         \$ 26,004           Due to Other Funds         \$ 12,950           Capital Leases Payable         \$ 16,523           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         \$ 29,696           NOTES Payable         \$ 94,004           Compensated Absences         \$ 4,346           Notes Payable         \$ 94,004           Compensated Absences         \$ 94,004           Note Pension Liability         \$ 94,004           Total LIABILITIES         \$ 94,004	Accounts Receivable, net		46,703
NONCURRENT ASSETS         1,535,815           Capital Assets:         2,222           Depreciable Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation         2,490,680           TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS         2,492,902           TOTAL ASSETS         4,028,717           DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         8           Pension Related Items         16,218           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 4,044,935           LIABILITIES           CURRENT LIABILITIES           CONDESSEDIAGES           LIABILITIES           CURRENT LIABILITIES           CONDESSEDIAGES           CURRENT LIABILITIES           CONDESSEDIAGES           CONDESSEDIAGES           CURRENT LIABILITIES           CONDESSEDIAGES           NOTOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES           CONDESSEDIAGES           NONOURENT LIABILITIES           CONDESSEDIAGES           CONDESSEDIAGES           CONDESSEDIAGES           CONDESSEDIAGES           CONDESSEDIAGES           CONDESSEDIAGES           CON			-
NONCURRENT ASSETS           Capital Assets:         2,222           Land and Improvement         2,490,680           TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS         2,490,290           TOTAL ASSETS         4,028,717           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         16,218           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 4,044,935           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 4,044,935           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 171,454           CURRENT LIABILITIES           CURRENT LIABILITIES           COUNTING ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 171,454           COUNTING ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 171,454           COURTING ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 171,454           COURTING ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 171,454           COURTING ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 171,454           COUNTING ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 171,454           COUNTING ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 1,454           COUNTING ASSETS ASSET ASS			1 525 015
Capital Assets:         2,222           Land and Improvement         2,490,680           TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS         2,490,680           TOTAL ASSETS         4,028,717           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension Related Items         16,218           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 4,044,935           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 4,044,935           CURRENT LIABILITIES           CURRENT LIABILITIES           Compensated Absences         6,040           Due to Other Funds         12,950           Captial Leases Payable         10,523           Cottsomer Deposits Payble         12,950           Captial Leases Payable         10,523           Notes Payable         10,523           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         296,967           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES           Compensated Absences         4,346           Capital Leases         960,992           Notes Payable         960,992           Notes Payable         994,877           Compensated Absences         1,291,844           Capital Leases         994,877           TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         394,871 <td>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</td> <td></td> <td>1,535,815</td>	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		1,535,815
Age	NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Deperciable Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation         2.490.680           TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS         2,492,902           TOTAL ASSETS         4,028,717           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension Related Items         16,218           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 16,218           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 4,044,935           CURRENT LIABILITIES           CURRENT LIABILITIES         \$ 171,454           Compensated Absences         6,040           Due to Other Funds         16,523           Captial Leases Payable         16,523           Captial Leases Payable         16,523           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         296,967           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES           Compensated Absences         4,346           Capital Leases         960,992           Notes Payable         960,992           Notes Payable         960,992           Notes Payable         994,877           Compensated Absences         1,291,844           Capital Leases         994,877           TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         994,877           TOTAL LIABILITIES         1,291,844	Capital Assets:		
TOTAL ASSETS         4,028,717           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         16,218           Pension Related Items         16,218           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 4,044,935           LIABILITIES           CURRENT LIABILITIES           Accounts Payable         \$ 171,454           Compensated Absences         6,040           Due to Other Funds         2           Customer Deposits Payble         12,950           Customer Deposits Payble         106,523           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         205,967           Notes Payable         106,523           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         205,967           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES           Compensated Absences         4,346           Capital Leases         96,092           Notes Payable         96,992           Net Pension Liabilities         29,539           TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         394,877           TOTAL LIABILITIES         1,291,844           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         18,900           Persion Related Items         18,900           TOTAL LIABILITIES         18,900           TOTAL LIABILITIES         18,900			
TOTAL ASSETS         4,028,717           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         16,218           TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         16,218           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 4,044,935           LIABILITIES           CURRENT LIABILITIES           Accounts Payable         \$ 171,454           Compensated Absences         6,040           Due to Other Funds         1,2950           Customer Deposits Payble         12,950           Customer Deposits Payble         1,2950           Customer Deposits Payble         1,2950           Customer Deposits Payble         296,967           Notes Payable         4,346           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         296,967           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES           Compensated Absences         4,346           Capital Leases         9           Note Payable         960,992           Not Pension Liability         29,539           TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         1,29,184           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension Related Items         1,890           TOTAL LIABILITIES         18,900           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         16,218           TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 16,218           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 4,044,935           CURRENT LIABILITIES           Accounts Payable         \$ 171,454           Compensated Absences         6,040           Due to Other Funds         1,2950           Customer Deposits Payble         1,2950           Customer Deposits Payable         1,2950           Capital Leases Payable         1,06,523           NOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         29,6967           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         4,346           Capital Leases         1,396           NOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         2,539           TOTAL LIABILITIES         2,953           TOTAL LIABILITIES         1,291,844           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         1,291,844           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         1,425,387           POTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			

# CITY OF SKY VALLEY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Ente	s-Type Activities - erprise Funds r & Sanitation
OPERATING REVENUES	wate	r & Sanitation
Water Fees	\$	505,146
Sanitation Fees	Ψ	217,547
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		722,693
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Water		357,816
Sanitation		224,480
Depreciation		163,397
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		745,693
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(23,000)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Intergovernmental Revenue		8
Interest and Investment Revenue		1,381
Miscellaneous Revenue (Expenses)		70
Interest Expense		(15,241)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES		
(EXPENSES)	_	(13,860)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		(36,860)
Transfers In		<u> </u>
Transfers Out		-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(36,860)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		2,771,051
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	2,734,191

## CITY OF SKY VALLEY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water and	Sanitation Fund				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from Customers	\$	712,176				
Payments to Suppliers		(308,151)				
Payments to or on Behalf of Employees		(283,977)				
NET CASH PROVIDED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	8	120,048				
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING						
ACTIVITIES						
Transfers From Other Funds		~				
Transfers to Other Funds		8				
Loans to Other Funds		*				
Loans from Other Funds	O <del>4-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1</del>					
NET CASH PROVIDED FOR NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
	S.					
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers In From Other Funds		2				
Proceeds from Notes Payable		=				
Principal Payments on Note Payables		(105,287)				
Purchases of Capital Assets		(25,296)				
Interest Paid		(15,241)				
NET CASH USED FOR CAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(145,824)				
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Investments Redeemed		# ##				
Interest Earned	<u> </u>	1,381				
NET CASH USED FOR INVESTING ACTIVITIES		1,381				
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH						
EQUIVALENTS		(24,395)				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING		1,513,507				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$	1,489,112				
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash						
Provided by Operating Activities:	\$	(23,000)				
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	φ	(23,000)				
cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation Expense		163,397				
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		100,057				
Receivables, net		(6,710)				
Due from Other Funds						
Prepaid Expenses		19,058				
Deferred Outflows for Pension Items		(618)				
Accounts Payables		(34,533)				
Compensated Absences		8,161				
Customer Deposit Payables		1,655				
Net Pension Liability		3,782				
Deferred Inflows for Pension Items		(11,144)				
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	120,048				

## CITY OF SKY VALLEY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUND DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Municipal	Court Fund
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	6,522
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,522
LIABILITIES		
Due to Others	\$	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-
NET POSITION		
Restricted:		
Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments		6,522
TOTAL NET POSITION		6,522
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	6,522

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	<b>Municipal Court Fund</b>				
ADDITIONS	-				
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	30,957			
Interest		9			
TOTAL ADDITIONS		30,966			
DEDUCTIONS					
Payments to Other Governments		28,445			
Other Custodial Disbursements		550			
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		28,995			
CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		1,971			
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,551			
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	6,522			

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Sky Valley, Georgia (the "City") was incorporated, under the laws of the State of Georgia, in 1978 and operates under an elected Mayor-Council form of government. The City provides such services as police protection, fire services, economic development services, parks and recreation amenities, planning and building inspection, municipal court services, public works, water and sewer services, sanitation services, and general and administrative services.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City (the primary government) organizations for which the primary government is considered to be financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

For financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision whether to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City has no component units.

GASB 14 defines the foundation of a primary government as its separately elected governing body; one that is elected by the citizens in a general population election. The primary government consists of all of the organizations that make up its legal entity. All funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that are not legally separate are, for financial reporting purposes, part of the primary government. The primary government is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of the organizations governing body and either imposes its will on the organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government.

The City has no relationships with legally separate organizations that are required to be included in the reporting entity for financial statement purposes. However, fire protection services are provided by an independently organized volunteer group. The City supports this group by paying a quarterly fee for their services.

#### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Government-wide financial statements do not provide information by fund, but distinguish between the City's governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The statement of net position will include non-current assets and non-current liabilities. In addition, the government-wide statement of activities reflects depreciation expense on the City's capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It is used to account for resources traditionally associated with the City, which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in an another fund.

The *SPLOST (Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax) Fund* is used to account for the proceeds of a sales tax levied in Rabun County, Georgia, which will be used by the City for the exclusive purpose of capital outlay projects in the voter approved referendum.

The *TSPLOST (Transportation Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax) Fund* is used to account for the proceeds of a sales tax levied in Rabun County, Georgia, which will be used by the City for the exclusive purpose of capital outlay transportation projects in the voter approved referendum.

The City aggregates other nonmajor governmental funds in a single column in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The *Water and Sanitation Fund* accounts for the operation of the water utility system and the activities associated with the collection of residential and commercial garbage. Activity is rendered on a user charge basis and the fund includes all revenues from sources applicable to the system's operations and all expenses of the operation.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The *Custodial Fund* is used to account for assets held by the City's Municipal Court until they can be disbursed to other parties.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

GASB Statements No. 34 requires that financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the City's financial activities in the form of a "management's discussion and analysis" ("MD&A"). This analysis is similar to analysis the private sector provides in their annual reports. An MD&A is not included in this report.

#### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and *the accrual basis* of accounting, as are the propriety and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Other taxes are recognized predominately when the underlying transaction occurs. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement* focus and the *modified accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims, and judgements are recorded only when payments are due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, business taxes, charges for services, and interest associated with the current year are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues in the current year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions," the corresponding assets (receivables) in non-exchange transactions are recognized in

the period in which the underlying exchange occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, when all eligibility requirements have been met, or when resources are received, depending on the revenue source.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Amounts reported as program revenue include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the government's enterprise fund are charges to customers for goods and services. Operating expenses of the enterprise funds include the costs of these goods and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### D. BUDGETS

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds. The budgets for the proprietary funds are for management control purposes and are not required to be reported. Budgets are adopted on a modified accrual basis, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental funds, except the capital projects funds, which adopt project-length budgets. All appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation – is not employed by the City.

#### E. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and certificates of deposit with original maturities of 3 months or less from the date of acquisition. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes both of these categories.

Georgia statutes authorize the City to invest in the following: (1) obligations of Georgia or any other state; (2) obligations of the United States; (3) obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States government or one of its agencies; (4) obligations of any corporation of the United States government; (5) prime bankers' acceptances; (6) the State of Georgia local government investment pool; (7) repurchase agreements; and (8) obligations of any other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia. Any investment or deposit in excess of the federal depository insured amounts must be collateralized by an equivalent amount of state or U.S. obligations. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of 3 months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments in nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts, certificates of deposit, are recorded at cost. The remaining investments are recorded at fair value. Increases or decreases in the fair value during the year are recognized as a component of interest income.

#### F. RECEIVABLES

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Estimated unbilled revenues from the enterprise funds are recognized at the end of each fiscal year based on the amount of service provided prior to year-end.

#### G. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

#### H. INVENTORY

The City's policy is to expense parts as they are purchased; therefore, no inventory is recorded.

#### I. PREPAID ITEMS

Certain payments to vendors for services that will benefit future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. These items are accounted for using the consumption method. Prepaid items reported by governmental funds are also

equally offset by fund balance classified as nonspendable, which indicates they do not constitute "available, spendable financial resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

#### J. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, culverts, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 34 required the City to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets effective with the year ended December 31, 2003. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are among the largest asset classes of the City. The City reported general infrastructure assets placed into service after January 1, 2003.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Depreciation is recorded on general capital assets on a government-wide basis. Capital outlays of the Proprietary Fund are recorded as capital assets and depreciation is recorded on both the fund basis and the government-wide basis. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. In the case of donations, the government values these capital assets at the estimated fair value of the item at the date of its donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized, but charged to operations when incurred. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during 2022.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	5 to 30
Machinery and equipment	5 to 10
Infrastructure	10 to 30
Vehicles	5

#### K. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits up to a maximum of 280 hours. Accumulated vacation pay that is expected to be liquidated with

expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and fund liability of the government fund that will pay it. Amounts of accumulated vacation pay that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable financial resources are reported as long-term liabilities.

#### L. CUSTOMER DEPOSITS

The City collects deposits from new customers for water services. The deposits are held until the City discontinues services to the customer and, therefore, are reported as a liability in both the fund and government-wide financial statements.

#### M. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements and the propriety fund in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or propriety fund statement of net position.

Proprietary fund type loans payable are reported as liabilities at their outstanding value. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize the face amount of the debt issued as other financing sources and the repayment of debt as debt service expenditures. Loan issuance costs are reported as expenses when incurred.

#### N. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES/DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The deferred outflow of resources relates to pensions. These amounts are described more fully below.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one type of deferred inflows of resources which arise under the accrual basis of accounting that relates to pensions and is described below.

The City has deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the recording of changes in its net pension liability. Certain changes in the net position liability are recognized as pension expense over time instead of being recognized in the year of occurrence. Experience gains or losses result from periodic studies by the City's actuary which adjust the net pension liability for actual experience for certain trend information that was previously assumed, for example the assumed dates of retirement of plan members. These experience gains or losses are recorded as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining lives of plan members. Changes in actuarial assumption which adjust the net pension liability are also

recorded as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. The difference between projected investment return on pension investments and actual returns on those investments is also deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five year period. Additionally, any contributions made by the City to the pension plan before year end but subsequent to the measurement date of the City's net pension liability are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

#### O. FUND EQUITY AND NET POSITION

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as fund balance. Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as net position.

#### **Fund Balance**

In accordance with GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

**Non-spendable** – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not spendable in form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash like inventories and prepaid items) or are (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City has not reported any amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** – includes amounts restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, laws of other governments, or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation. **Committed** – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to resolutions passed by the City Council, the City's highest level of decision making authority, which include the language "committed for the purpose of". Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through adoption of a subsequent resolution, which shall refer to the original resolution by its number. A resolution committing amounts must be adopted prior to the end of the fiscal year; however, the amount to be committed may be determined within 120 days of fiscal year end.

**Assigned** – includes amounts that the City intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Amounts may be assigned by the City Manager, under the authorization of the City Council, through a written memorandum. Amounts appropriated to eliminate a projected deficit in the subsequent fiscal year's budget shall constitute assignments and are documented by adoption of the City's annual operating budget. Equity amounts reported in special revenue funds or capital project funds not otherwise classified as non-spendable, restricted, or committed shall constitute assignments of fund balance.

**Unassigned** – includes amounts that do not fall into one of the above four categories. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The General Fund is the only fund that should report this category of fund balance.

For the purposes of fund balance classification, the City considers restricted amounts spent first when an expenditure is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance can be used, then committed amounts are spent first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net position reported as net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on the use of assets either through enabling legislation adopted by the City Council or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. All other amounts reported under net position are reported as unrestricted. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### P. MANAGEMENT ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary Information

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to January 1, the department heads submit to the City Council a proposed operating budget for each department for the fiscal year commencing January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted at City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to December 31, the City Council approves the budget.
- 4. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department must be approved by the City Council.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level in the General Fund. The enterprise fund adopts a budget at the fund level for management purposes. During the year, the supplementary budget appropriations made were not material; however, the City did have expenditures in excess of the appropriated budget for its General Government department that totaled

\$207,411 in which budget appropriations were not made. The General Government expenditures in excess were due to a paving projects that were funded with grants and the prior year reserve.

#### NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS

**Interest Rate Risk** – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments. The City has not formally adopted an investment policy to address interest rate risk.

**Credit Risk** – The City's policy is to adhere to the State statutes as it relates to credit risk for investments. State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. Government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. Government; prime banker's acceptances; the local government investment pool established by state law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia.

**Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits** – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits and investments (other than federal and state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities. The State of Georgia requires financial institutions to pledge securities at 110% of a local government's deposits. At December 31, 2022, all of the deposits of the City were fully collateralized in accordance with state statutes.

**Concentration of Credit Risk** – The City has no formal policy on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer.

**Foreign Currency Risk** – The City has no investments denominated in a foreign currency.

#### **NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES**

The City receives property tax assessments from Rabun County, Georgia. Property taxes are levied on property values assessed as of January 1. Tax bills were levied on all real and personal property and mailed to taxpayers in October, and were due and payable on or before January 1 of the following year. After that date, both penalty and interest are accrued until the taxes are collected. Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of May 1 of the following year. Property taxes are recorded as receivables and deferred revenues when assessed.

Receivables as of December 31, 2022 for the City's individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	 General	T	SPLOST	Water & anitation
Receivables:				
Taxes	\$ 732,446	\$	100	\$ -
Accounts	-		-	71,691
Intergovernmental	-		49,887	-
Less allowance for				
Uncollectible				(24,988)
Net Total Receivables	\$ 732,446	\$	49,887	\$ 46,703

#### NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANFERS

During normal operations, the City will occasionally pay for goods and services or transfer monies between the general and enterprise fund (water and sanitation). All interfund balances are the result of a time lag between dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. As of December 31, 2022, there were no interfund receivables and/or payables between the general fund and the water and sanitation fund.

Interfund transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and 2) use restricted revenues collected to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers are eliminated in the government wide financial statements if the interfund transfer is within the governmental fund group or business-type group. As of December 31, 2022, there were no interfund transfers between the general fund and the water and sanitation fund.

#### **NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning	_		
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	<b>Ending Balance</b>
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Construction in Progress	\$ -	\$ 75,000	\$ -	\$ 75,000
Land and Improvements	251,739			251,739
Total assets, not being depreciated	251,739	75,000		326,739
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	550,835	9.		550,835
Infrastructure	1,161,553	459,422	17	1,620,975
Machinery & Equipment	280,858	47,297	(12,204)	315,951
Vehicles	233,677	35,157	(17,000)	251,834
Total assets, being depreciated	2,226,923	541,876	(29,204)	2,739,595
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(233,623)	(18,613)	-	(252,236)
Infrastructure	(159,287)	(44,223)	1.5	(203,510)
Machinery & Equipment	(247,073)	(22,685)	12,204	(257,554)
Vehicles	(124,994)	(34,259)	17,000	(142,253)
Total accumulated depreciation	(764,977)	(119,780)	29,204	(855,553)
Total assets, being depreciated, net	1,461,946	422,096	<u> </u>	1,884,042
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, net	\$ 1,713,685	\$ 497,096	\$ -	\$ 2,210,781

Business-Type Activities:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land and Improvements	\$ 2,222	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,222	
Total assets, not being depreciated	2,222		-	2,222	
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
<b>Buildings &amp; Improvments</b>	17,500			17,500	
Machinery & Equipment	218,795	25,296	-	244,091	
Vehicles	85,560	27	-	85,560	
Infrastructure	5,190,138	-		5,190,138	
Total assets, being depreciated	5,511,993	25,296		5,537,289	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings & Improvments	(17,500)	-	2/	(17,500)	
Machinery & Equipment	(159,474)	(25,409)	-	(184,883)	
Vehicles	(72,091)	(4,898)	-	(76,989)	
Infrastructure	(2,634,147)	(133,090)		(2,767,237)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,883,212)	(163,397)		(3,046,609)	
Total assets, being depreciated, net	2,628,781	(138,101)	<u> </u>	2,490,680	
Business-Type Activities					
Capital Assets, net	\$ 2,631,003	\$ (138,101)	\$ -	\$ 2,492,902	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

General Government	\$ 9,444
Public Safety:	
Police and Courts	24,214
Public Works/Streets	75,977
Parks	5,195
Housing & Development	4,950
Total Depreciation Expense,	
Governmental Activities	\$ 119,780

#### **Business-type Activities:**

Water	\$ 147,990	
Sanitation	15,407	_
Total Depreciation Expense,		
Business-type Activities	\$ 163,397	_
		=

#### NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	E	Beginning							Due	Within One
	Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Year	
Governmental Activities:										
Compensated Absences	\$	31,061	\$	928	\$	2	\$	31,989	\$	15,203
Capital Leases		14,874				(7,261)		7,613		7,613
Net Pension Liability		86,229		12,663				98,892		-
Governmental Activities										
Long-term Liabilities		132,164	\$	13,591	\$	(7,261)	\$	138,494		22,816
Business-Type Activities:										
Compensated Absences	\$	2,225	\$	8,161	\$	7.	\$	10,386	\$	6,040
Notes Payable		1,172,802				(105,287)		1,067,515		106,523
Net Pension Liability		25,757		3,778		-		29,535		
Business-Type Activities										
Long-term Liabilities	\$	1,200,784	\$	11,939	\$	(105,287)	\$	1,107,436	\$	112,563

The General Fund typically liquidates the capital lease obligations. The compensated absence and net pension liability obligations are liquidated by the General Fund and the Water/Sanitation Fund. The Water/Sanitation Fund typically liquidates the notes payable.

#### **Governmental Activities**

The City has entered into a lease agreement as lessee. The lease, obtained in 2019, is for financing the acquisition of a patrol car and its upgrades in the original amount of \$36,953 plus an additional \$70 which the City paid. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception. Amortization expense on the capital lease is included in depreciation expense.

The assets acquired through this capital lease is as follows:

	Accumulated								
Date	Туре	Rate	A	mount	De	preciation		Total	
8/23/2019	Vehicle	4.74%	\$	37,023	\$	(24,065)	\$	12,958	
Total			\$	37,023	\$	(24,065)	\$	12,958	

The City's balance of the capital lease payable outstanding as of December 31, 2022, is shown below:

		Maturity	В	eginning					E	Ending
Lease	Interest Rate	Dates	F	Balance	Add	ditions	Re	ductions	В	alance
Magnolia Bank	4.74%	3/1/2023	\$	14,874	\$	-	\$	(7,261)	\$	7,613
Total Capital Lease Payable			\$	14,874	\$	-	\$	(7,261)	\$	7,613

The future annual requirements to amortize this capital lease obligation as of December 31, 2022 is as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Principal		Inter	est	Tota	al
2023	\$	7,613	\$	369	\$	7,982
Total	\$	7,613	\$	369	\$	7,982

#### **Business-Type Activities**

#### **Note Payables**

The City's water and sanitation fund has two Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA) loans to improve and renovate portions of the water system. Note payables outstanding as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

		Maturity	В	eginning						Ending
Loan	Interest Rate	Dates		Balance	Add	ditions	Re	eductions		Balance
GEFA DW09024	0.00%	12/1/2031	\$	646,240	\$	-	\$	(64,624)	\$	581,616
GEFA DW10018	3.00%	1/1/2033		526,562		-		(40,663)		485,899
Total Notes Payable			\$	1,172,802	\$	-	\$	(105,287)	\$1	1,067,515

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the note payables are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	December 31 Principal					Total
2023		106,523		14,004		120,527
2024		107,798		12,730		120,528
2025		109,111		11,416		120,527
2026		110,464		10,063		120,527
2027		111,859		8,669		120,528
2028-2032		517,113		20,900		538,013
2033		4,647		12		4,659
Total	\$	1,067,515	\$	77,794	\$ 1,	,145,309

#### **NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN**

#### **Plan Description**

The City, as authorized by the City Council, has established a non-contributory defined benefit pension plan (The City of Sky Valley Retirement Plan), covering substantially all of the City's employees. The City's pension plan is administered through the Georgia Municipal Employee Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. Contributions made by the City are commingled with contributions made by other members of GMEBS for investment purposes. The City does not own any securities on its own. Investment income from the securities is allocated on a pro rata basis. The Georgia Municipal Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GMEBS. That report may be obtained at <a href="https://www.gmanet.com">www.gmanet.com</a> or by writing to Georgia Municipal Association, Risk

Management and Employee Benefit Services, 201 Pryor Street, NW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 or by calling (404)688-0472.

The City Council, in its role as Plan Sponsor, has the governing authority to establish and amend from time to time, the benefits provided and the contribution rates of the City and its employees. The Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. All employees, excluding elected officials, who work thirty hours or more per week are eligible to participate in the Plan immediately upon hiring, but will not be vested until 5 years of service. Benefits are provided by the Plan whereby retirees receive 1.25% multiplied by the average of the five highest years of regular earnings multiplied by the total credited years of service. Death benefits are calculated using an actuarial reserve.

As of July 1, 2022, the date the most recent actuarial valuation, there were 37 participants consisting of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	7
Terminated vested participants not yet receiving benefits	15
Active employees - Vested	7
Active employees - Non-vested	8
Total	37

#### **Funding Policy**

The plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Georgia Public Retirement Systems Standards law. The Board of Trustees of GMEBS has adopted a recommended actuarial funding policy for the plan which meets state minimum requirements and will accumulate sufficient funds to provide the benefits under the plan. The funding policy for the Plan, as adopted by the City Council, is to contribute an amount equal to or greater than the actuarially recommended contribution rate. This rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of plan members, as determined by the City Council. For fiscal year 2022, the actuarially determined contribution rate was 7.40% of covered payroll. City contributions to the Plan were \$44,023 for the year ended December 31, 2022. Employees of the City do not contribute to the plan. For fiscal year 2023, based on July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation, the recommended contribution rate will be 7.34%.

#### **Net Pension Liability of the City**

At December 31, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$128,427 for its net pension liability. The City's net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of March 31, 2022 with update procedures performed by the actuary to roll forward to the total pension liability measured as of July 1, 2022.

The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the City for the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Total Pension Liability		<i>j</i>			
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$	886,696	\$	774,710	\$	111,986
Changes for the Year:						
Service Cost		19,416		12		19,416
Interest		65,417		4		65,417
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		30,357		-		30,357
Contributions - Employer		-		55,425		(55,425)
Net Investment Income		-		47,286		(47,286)
Benefit Payments (Including Refunds of Employee						
Contributions)		(38,208)		(38,208)		147
Adminstrative Expense		-		(3,966)		3,966
Other		-				-
Net Changes		76,982		60,537		16,445
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$	963,678	\$	835,247	\$	128,431

### <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$9,331. At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	rred Inflows Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	34,570	\$ (5,184)
Changes of Assumptions		2,924	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on			
Pension Plan Investments		-	(76,988)
City Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		33,018	-
Total	\$	70,512	\$ (82,172)

City contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$33,018 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	
2023	\$ 7,103
2024	(14,605)
2025	(39,244)
2026	 2,068
Total	\$ (44,678)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the March 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25% Salary Increases 3.00% - 8.50%, including inflation Investment Rate of Return 7.375%, net of penion plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted mortality tables with rates multiplied by 1.25.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 through June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The difference between the resulting rate and the rate on the ongoing basis is a margin for adverse deviation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of March 31, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	45%	6.55%
International Equity	20%	7.30%
Global Fixed Income	5%	0.50%
Domestic Fixed Income	20%	0.40%
Real Estate	10%	3.65%
Cash	0%	
Total	100%	

<sup>\*</sup> Rates shown are net of the 2.25% assumed rate of inflation

**Discount Rate** – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.375%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-

term expected rate of return of pension plan investments was applied to all of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.375%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower (6.375%) and 1 percentage point higher (8.375%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	(6.375%)	(7.375%)	(8.375%)		
City's Net Pension Liability	\$ 259,875	\$ 128,431	\$ 19,311		

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of July 1, 2022 and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

The required schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

#### **NOTE 9 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN**

The City also provides retirement benefits for its employees through a deferred compensation, defined contribution plan. The Plan was created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457(b). The Plan is administered by the Georgia Municipal Association (GMA), an independent third party and plan trustee, and is available to all City employees immediately upon employment. Participants may elect to make pre-tax contributions subject to the deferral limitations of the revenue code. The City does not contribute to the Plan.

As required by Section 457(b) of the IRC, plan assets are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. Investments are managed by the trustee under one of the available investment options, or a combination thereof. Accordingly, the assets and liabilities of the Plan are not included in the accompanying financial statements. During the year ending December 31, 2022, one participating employee contributed \$60 to the Plan.

#### **NOTE 10 - JOINT VENTURE**

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the northeast Georgia area, is a member of the Georgia Mountains Regional Commission (GMRC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. Membership in a GMRC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34, which provides for the organization structure of a regional commission. GMRC board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-

39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of the GMRC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the Georgia Mountains Regional Commission, P.O. Box 1720, Gainesville, Georgia 30503.

#### NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member local governments.

As part of these risk pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions, and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the worker's compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Settled claims in the past three (3) years have not exceeded insurance coverage.

#### **NOTE 12 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

#### Litigation

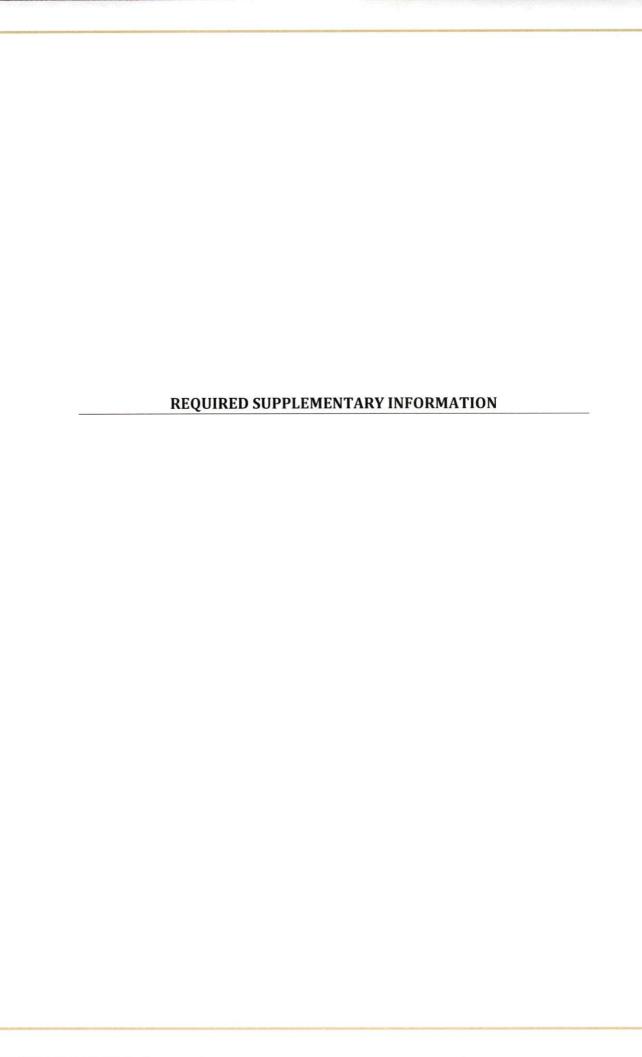
The City is involved in pending lawsuits in the normal course of the City's business. Liability, if any, which might result from these proceedings, would not, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

#### **Grant Contingencies**

The City has received grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to the disallowance of certain expenditures previously reimbursed by those agencies. Based upon prior experience, management of the City believes such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

#### NOTE 13 - HOTEL/MOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX

The City imposes a hotel/motel tax on lodging facilities within the City. The tax is assessed at 5% and, in accordance with O.C.G.A. 48-13-51, the City is required to spend at least 40% of this amount for promoting tourism, conventions, trade show and tourism product development. Revenues were \$99,756 for the year ended December 31, 2022. Of this amount, 40%, or \$39,903, was used to promote tourism.



## CITY OF SKY VALLEY, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year End															
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	_	2015
Total Pension Liability							10457									40.000
Service Cost	\$	19,416	\$	19,867	\$	15,310	\$	19,698	\$	14,295	\$	15,174	\$	13,871	\$	19,223
Interest		65,417		62,926		55,992		57,259		51,003		50,703		48,377		46,961
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		30,357		(10,367)		57,329		(51,253)		48,147		(22,782)		7,131		(11,881)
Changes of Assumptions		0		(*)		11,696		-		-		-		-		1,464
Changes of Benefit Terms		-				-				200 0000		-		-		-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(38,208)		(38,207)		(38,208)		(38,208)		(39,077)		(39,367)		(39,367)		(35,634)
Other			_				_	(10 50 1)	_	10,854	-		_	20.012	_	- 20.122
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		76,982		34,219		102,119		(12,504)		85,222		3,728		30,012		20,133
Total Pension Liability, Beginning		886,696		852,477		750,358		762,862		677,640		673,912	-	643,900		623,767
Total Pension Liability, Ending (a)	\$	963,678	\$	886,696	\$	852,477	\$	750,358	\$	762,862	\$	677,640		673,912	\$	643,900
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										00.450		07.444		20.272	•	20.625
Contributions - Employer	\$	55,425	\$	24,685	\$	47,715	\$	19,888	\$	30,650	\$	27,164	\$	30,273	\$	39,625
Net Investment Income		47,286		246,178		(41,694)		20,693		65,767		60,455		1,577		44,066
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(38,208)		(38,207)		(38,208)		(38,208)		(39,077)		(39,367)		(39,367)		(35,634)
Administrative Expense		(3,966)		(3,771)		(4,213)		(4,001)		(3,948)		(4,054)		(2,637)		(2,303)
Other				-	7	(0 ( 100)	_	-				- 44 100	_	(10.154)	-	45,754
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		60,537		228,885		(36,400)		(1,628)		53,392		44,198		(10,154)		45,/54
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning	_	774,710		545,825		582,225		583,853		530,461		486,263	_	496,417	_	450,663
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Ending (b)		835,247		774,710		545,825	\$	582,225		583,853		530,461		486,263	\$	496,417
City's Net Pension Liability, Ending (a) - (b)		128,431		111,986	\$	306,652	\$	168,133	\$	179,009	\$	147,179		187,649	\$	147,483
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		86.67%		87.37%		64.03%		77.59%		76.53%		78.28%		72.16%		77.10%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	658,075	\$	587,989	\$	554,167	\$	419,064	\$	520,449	\$	381,400	\$	460,417	\$	430,063
City's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		19.52%		19.05%		55.34%		40.12%		34.40%		38.59%		40.76%		34.29%

Note: Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation. Therefore, years prior to 2015 are not reported.

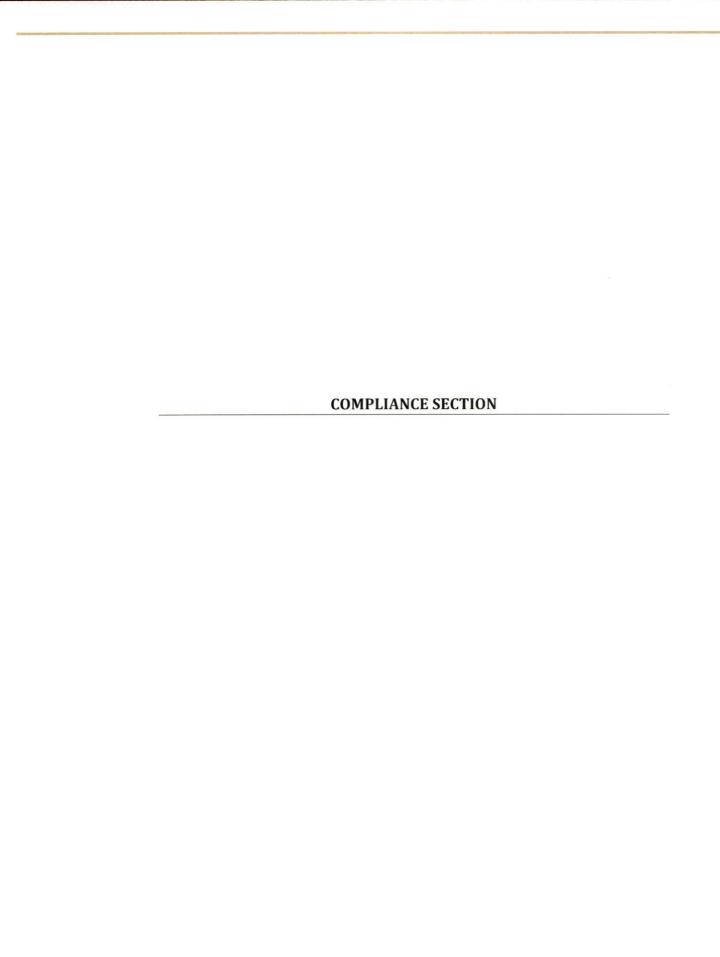
## CITY OF SKY VALLEY, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year End									
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation of the Actuarially Determined	\$ 44,023	\$ 44,419	\$ 32,913	\$ 39,487	\$ 26,517	\$ 28,825	\$ 26,832	\$ 34,401		
Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	26,589 \$ 2,236	31,935 \$ (5,103)	\$ 31,534 \$ 2,867		
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 658,075	\$ 587,989	\$ 554,167	\$ 419,064	\$ 520,449	\$ 381,400	\$ 460,417	\$ 430,063		
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	6.69%	7.55%	5.94%	9.42%	5.10%	6.97%	6.94%	7.33%		

Actual 2022 information will be determined after the fiscal year end and will be included in the July 2023 valuation report.

Note: Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation. Therefore, years prior to 2015 are not reported.





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SKIP BROWN CPA

### Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and City Manager Of the City of Sky Valley, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sky Valley, Georgia (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 15, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2022-1 and 2022-2 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and

accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### City of Sky Valley, Georgia's Response to Findings

Mixm, Mixm, Brown + Dendy, CPAs

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mixon, Mixon, Brown & Tench, CPAs

Cornelia, Georgia August 15, 2023

#### CITY OF SKY VALLEY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### Section I - Summary of Audit Results

#### Financial Statements

Type of Auditor's Report Issued:		Unmodified	
Internal Control over Financial Reporting: Material Weaknesses Identified?	XYes	sNo	
Significant Deficiencies Identified not considered Material Weaknesses?	Yes	s X None Reported	
Noncompliance Material to Financial Statements Noted?	Yes	es <u>X</u> No	

#### Federal Awards

There was not an audit of major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022, due to the total amount expended being less than \$750,000.

#### Section II - Financial Statement Findings and Responses

#### **Current Year Findings**

#### Finding 2022-1 - Budgetary Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

*Criteria:* Georgia statute, O.C.G.A. 36-81-3, prohibits governmental expenditures in excess of appropriated budgets at the legal level of control.

**Condition:** For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City did not make the appropriate budget amendments for two of the City's departments. Police and Courts expenditures were in excess of \$5,491 and Public Works/Streets were in excess of \$201,920.

*Cause:* The City's expenditures were in excess of the appropriated budget for its General Government department. Budget amendments are required to be approved by the City Council when expenditures exceed the budgeted appropriations at the department level in the General Fund.

*Effects:* The City was not compliant with O.C.G.A. 36-81-3 as its expenditures for General Government were in excess of appropriations that totaled \$207,411.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that City management regularly review the budget for compliance to ensure that expenditures are not in excess of appropriated budgets and in instances where expenditures are greater than the appropriated budget, ensure that budget amendments are approved by the City Council.

#### CITY OF SKY VALLEY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

**Auditee's Response:** We agree with the Auditor's comments. In 2022, there were many projects completed that were not originally budgeted for or the projects were budgeted for much lower amounts. The City was able to secure grant funding opportunities which allowed the City to either increase the scope of the project or complete the infrastructure projects much sooner than anticipated. For corrective measures moving forward, the City will not only anticipate all of the expenditures for projects but anticipate the revenue sources so that budget amendments can be made in a timely manner.

#### Finding 2022-2 - Inadequate Monitoring and Oversight

*Criteria:* An effective internal control system includes establishing oversight and performing monitoring activities of financial reporting systems to ensure accuracy and completeness.

*Condition:* Throughout 2022, capital outlay expenditures for the General Fund were recorded incorrectly causing the expenditures in Public Works/Streets department to be understated.

*Cause:* A review of the City's financials, including the recording of capital outlay transactions, were not performed in an adequate manner.

*Effects:* Expenditures in the Public Works/Streets department were recorded incorrectly to an asset account which resulted in expenditures being understated by \$238,044, which also contributed to expenditures for this department being in excess of its budget.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the City establish and practice monitoring and oversight activities to included the timely review of financial data to ensure transactions have been recorded accurately.

**Auditee's Response:** We agree with the Auditor's comments. Our understanding is that this finding is a result of incorrect posting of expenditures for the General Fund as capital projects in progress versus expenditures. Corrective measures moving forward will be that City management will ensure that every expenditure is being properly posted in the correct way to the correct account prior to payment being made.

#### Status of Prior Year Audit Findings

#### Finding 2021-1 - Budgetary Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

*Criteria:* Georgia statute, O.C.G.A. 36-81-3, prohibits governmental expenditures in excess of appropriated budgets at the legal level of control.

*Condition:* For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City did not make the appropriate budget amendments for one of the City's departments.

Auditee's Response/Status: Not Corrected. See current year financial audit finding 2022-1.

#### CITY OF SKY VALLEY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### Finding 2021-2 - Bank Reconciliations are not being performed in a timely manner.

*Criteria:* To ensure proper financial reporting and safeguarding of assets, transactions should be reconciled in a timely manner.

Condition: Bank reconciliations for January - March were not performed in a timely manner.

Auditee's Response/Status: Resolved.